



Mastering Metrics: How Founders Build Clarity, Rhythm & Momentum

Sriram Chidambaram, Founder & Managing Partner, SRF Capital Studio

"Metrics are not about numbers, they're about clarity and conviction. The earlier you start measuring what matters, the faster you'll learn and scale."



KNOW YOUR MENTOR

SRIRAM CHIDAMBARAM



Education

- CGMA from CIMA, UK
- Fellow Certified Management Accountant from the ICWAI
- Qualified Company Secretary from the ICSI
- EGMP from IIM-Bangalore

Experience

- Founder and Managing Partner at SRF Capital Studio
- VP Finance at E4E, a US based IT/ITeS multinational
- Head of finance at MAS Holdings, UK

Relevant Professional Expertise

- Managed various Boards during the corporate and consulting career
- Working currently with more than 50 companies managing their finance function, doing monthly reporting, reviewing with management, giving strategic advisory
- Mentor with more than 20 startup Incubators

About SRF Capital Studio



Strategy | Capital | Execution

Strategy

Building robust playbooks, financial models, and competitive benchmarking frameworks that give you clarity on your path forward

- Strategic playbooks
- Financial models
- Market benchmarking

Capital

Preparing you for investor conversations with funding readiness assessments, investor connects, and sophisticated deal structuring

- Funding readiness
- Investor connects
- Deal structuring

Execution

Delivering hands-on CFO services, comprehensive MIS reporting, financial controllership, and regulatory compliance support

- CFO services
- MIS & reporting
- Compliance

We act as your Strategic Finance Office bringing institutional-grade financial leadership to early-stage companies, helping you navigate from vision to scale with confidence and clarity.

Choosing Your Business Architecture

Business Models

- Manufacturing
- Services
- SaaS
- E-Commerce
- Marketplace

Customer Segments

- B2B
- B2C
- B2G
- B2B2C

Industries

- EdTech
- FinTech
- HealthTech
- AgriTech
- CleanTech
- AI
- F&B
- Fashion
- Real Estate

Your choice of business model, customer segment, and industry creates your strategic context. Each combination has distinct capital requirements, scaling paths, and risk profiles.

Think You Don't Need Metrics Yet? Think Again!



Founders often misjudge the importance of early metrics.

"We're too early for metrics." "We'll track this when we have revenue."

"Metrics are just numbers; intuition matters more."

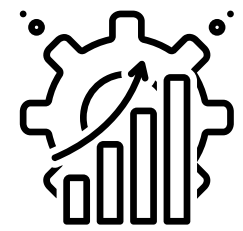
"We need perfect data before tracking metrics."

Reality: Metrics provide clarity, direction, and validation.

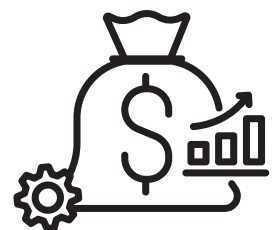
Importance of Metrics



Startups that master metrics scale faster and secure investor confidence.



Metrics guide decisions, improve operational efficiency, and align the team with clear goals.



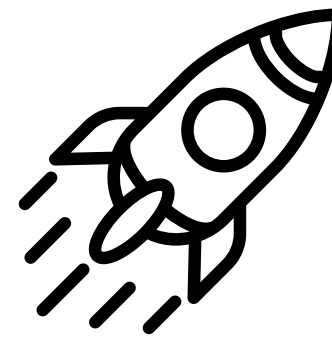
Knowing your numbers is key to optimizing burn, revenue, and customer acquisition.

Key Metrics for Startups across various stages



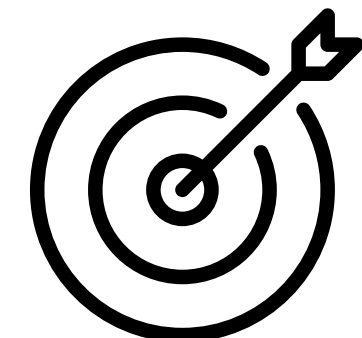
Early Stage

- Customer Acquisition Cost
- Lifetime Value
- Churn Rate



Growth Stage

- Monthly Recurring Revenue
- Gross Margins
- Customer Retention



Late Stage

- Burn Rate
- Cash Runway
- Operational Efficiency
- Revenue Per Employee

Key Metrics by Business Model

SaaS

- Customer Acquisition Cost (CAC)
- Monthly Recurring Revenue (MRR)
- Churn Rate

Manufacturing

- Sales Growth Rate
- Average Order Value
- Customer Lifetime Value (CLV)

Platform

- Monthly Active Users
- Customer Acquisition Cost
- Gross Merchandise Value

Services

- Average Revenue Per User
- Utilization Rate
- Customer Retention Rate

E-Commerce

- Cart Abandonment Rate
- Conversion Rate
- Average Order Value

Product

- Conversion Rate
- Average Order Value
- Repeat Purchase Rate

Metrics matter from Day 1

Provides Clarity

Help founders understand what's working and what's not

Guide Decision-Making

Enable data-driven strategies rather than gut instincts

Validate Assumptions:

Prove (or disprove) key business hypotheses early.

Attract Investors

Show traction, efficiency, and growth potential.

Ensure Sustainability

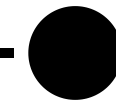
Help track cash burn, unit economics, and long-term viability.

Identify Red Flags Early

Spot inefficiencies and risks before they escalate.

KEY FRAMEWORKS

The Sales funnel & performance analytics



Awareness

Interest

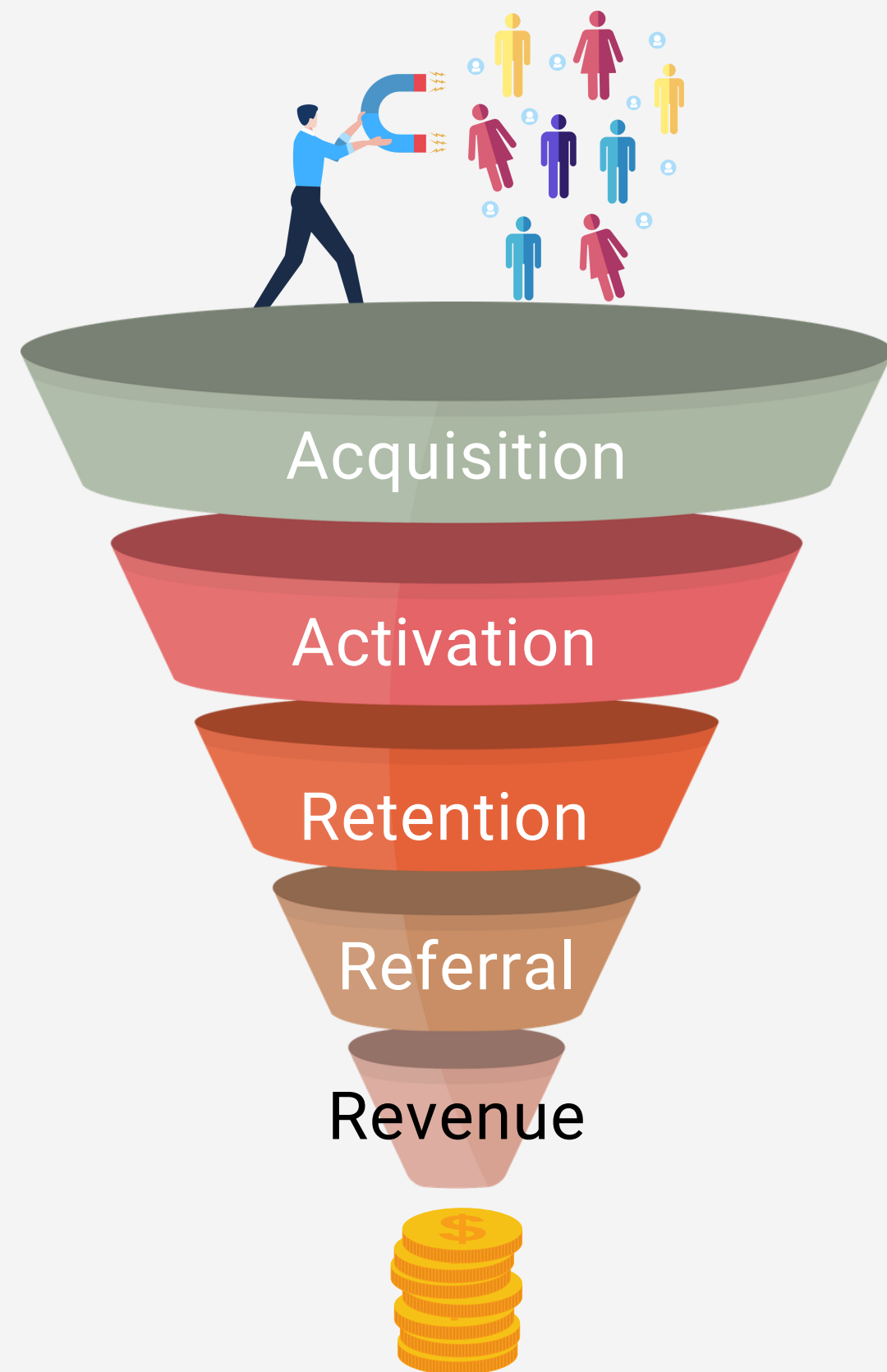
Decision

Action

Typical Sales Pipeline Metrics

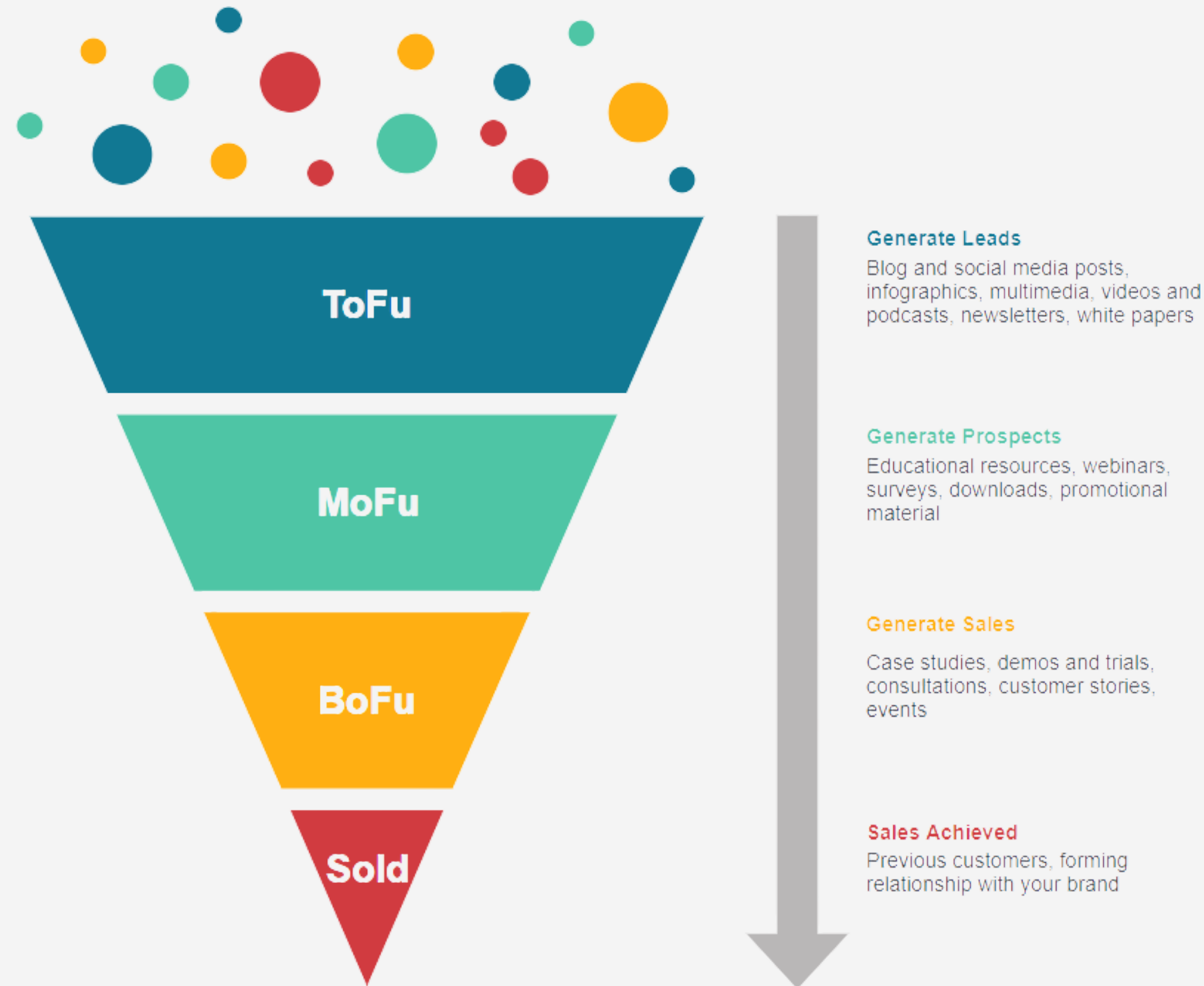
- Lead to MQL (Marketing Qualified Lead)
- MQL to SQL (Sales Qualified Lead)
- SQL to Closed-Won

Funnel Metrics for B2C Business



AAARRR funnel begins with Acquisition and builds to Revenue, highlighting how strong retention, monetization, and user delight naturally lead to organic growth through referrals, fueling a continuous, compounding growth loop.

Funnel Metrics for B2B Business



The sales funnel maps the customer journey from awareness to purchase, starting with Top of the funnel (traffic & leads), moving through Middle of the funnel (nurturing & trust), and ending with Bottom of the funnel (conversion & revenue). Once sold, the focus shifts to retention and maximizing customer lifetime value.

Sales Metric - B2B & B2C



B2B	B2C
• Leads Generated • SQLs & Conversion Rate • CAC, Deal Cycle Time • Pipeline Coverage Ratio	• Website Visits • Add-to-Cart Rate • Conversion Rate • Repeat Purchase Rate • ROAS

SaaS Metrics Waterfall Framework



*The SaaS Metrics Waterfall Framework breaks down **Monthly Recurring Revenue (MRR)** movements into key components to track growth, expansion, and churn.*

Breakdown of MRR Movements:

New MRR	Expansion MRR	Contraction & Churned MRR
Revenue from newly acquired customers	Additional revenue from existing customers through upsells, cross-sells, or upgrades.	Revenue lost due to downgrades (contraction) or cancellations (churn).

Cold Start Theory Framework (For Marketplaces)

The Challenge:

Marketplaces fail at the start because buyers need sellers and sellers need buyers, creating a deadlock with no initial activity.

The Solution:

Successful marketplaces break this loop by:

- Starting with one side of the market
- Focusing on a small, specific micromarket
- Using manual, non-scalable efforts to create early transaction

The Outcome:

Once a critical mass is reached, network effects kick in, growth becomes organic, and the marketplace scales sustainably.

B2B Overview

In B2B, Predictability and Pipeline Drive Everything

B2B businesses thrive on recurring relationships, long sales cycles, and trust-based selling. Whether you're SaaS, services, or manufacturing, the core principle remains: consistent, measurable progress through a repeatable funnel.

SaaS	Services	Manufacturing
Core Focus: Recurring revenue	Core Focus: Client trust & utilization	Core Focus: Reliability & efficiency
North Star: Net Revenue Retention	North Star: Client Retention Rate	North Star: On-time Delivery %
Key Metrics: CAC, Activation %, Churn	Key Metrics: Utilization %, Margin, Repeat %	Key Metrics: Lead Time, Defect %, Unit Margin

B2C Overview

In B2C, Scale Comes from Retention, Not Reach

B2C businesses often obsess over acquisition and virality, but the real winners understand that retention and engagement drive long-term value. Whether you're e-commerce, an app, or a platform, the metric that matters most is how often users come back.



E-commerce

Core Focus: Customer loyalty

North Star: Repeat Purchase Rate

Key Metrics: CAC, AOV, ROAS



Consumer App

Core Focus: Engagement & habit

North Star: DAU/MAU

Key Metrics: Activation %, Retention %, ARPU



Platform

Core Focus: Network liquidity

North Star: Match Rate

Key Metrics: GMV, Take Rate, Supply:Demand Ratio

Why Unit Economics Matter



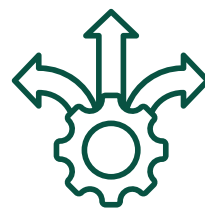
Sustainable Growth



Attracting Investors



Reduced Dependency on
Funding



Flexibility and Adaptability

How can you find the unit economics



Understand Revenue and Costs

- Identify revenue and costs per unit.
- Separate fixed (e.g., rent, salaries) and variable costs (e.g., marketing, transaction fees).



Assess Profitability

- Determining the Gross Profit : Revenue generated by a single unit- COGS
- Determining the Net Profit: Revenue generated by a single unit- all expenses (COGS and Fixed Costs)



Customer Metrics

- Determine Customer Acquisition Cost (CPA): $\text{Total acquisition cost} \div \text{New customers}$.
- Determine Customer Lifetime Value (LTV): $\text{Avg revenue per customer} \times \text{Avg customer lifespan}$.
- Determine Payback Period: $\text{CPA} \div \text{Monthly revenue per customer}$.

Key unit economics across various Business Models

SaaS

- Customer Acquisition Cost
- Customer Lifetime Value
- Churn Rate
- Monthly Recurring Revenue

Manufacturing

- Bill of Materials
- Capacity Utilization
- Machine Run Time Per Unit
- Labor Cost Per Unit

Platform

- Customer Acquisition Cost
- Lifetime Value
- Take Rate
- Gross Merchandise Value

Services

- Gross Margin Per Service
- Revenue Per Employee
- Average Revenue Per User
- Service Delivery Cost

E-Commerce

- Average Order Value
- Gross Margin
- Return Rate
- Cart Abandonment Rate

Product

- Product Contribution Margin
- Contract Manufacturing Cost
- COGS

Bringing It All Together

The Discipline of Metrics Mastery

Metrics mastery isn't about tracking everything — it's about tracking the right things at the right time. As you've seen across B2B and B2C models, the metrics that matter evolve as you grow. The common thread? Discipline, rhythm, and a relentless focus on what moves the needle.

Start Simple

Don't build a complex dashboard on day one. Pick 3-5 metrics that align with your current stage and business model, then track them consistently.

Build Rhythm

Review metrics weekly, discuss them in team meetings, and use them to drive real decisions. Metrics only matter when they change behavior.

Evolve Thoughtfully

As you scale, your metrics will shift. What worked at MVP won't work at scale. Revisit your dashboard quarterly and adjust to your new reality.

"The best founders don't just measure metrics — they use metrics to build conviction, align teams, and accelerate learning."

KEY METRICS & UNIT ECONOMICS BY BUSINESS MODEL

Key metrics & Unit economics - SaaS

METRICS

MRR, ARR

Recurring monthly and annual revenue from subscriptions.

Churn & Retention

Churn = loss; retention = customers you keep.

CAC, LTV

CAC is cost to acquire; LTV is revenue per customer.

Net Revenue Retention (NRR)

Revenue kept and grown from existing customers

UNIT ECONOMICS

CAC

Time taken to recover customer acquisition cost from gross margin

Gross Margin per User

Profit earned per user after direct costs.

Burn Multiple Benchmarks

Cash burned for every \$1 of net new ARR – lower is better.

Expansion Revenue Metrics

Revenue growth from existing customers via upsells, cross-sells, or upgrades.

Key metrics & Unit economics - PLATFORM

METRICS

Liquidity

% of users successfully finding value (matches, hires, etc.).

Match Rate

Success rate of meaningful connections made on the platform.

DAU/MAU Ratio

Measures daily user stickiness and engagement.

Supply Side vs Demand Side Health

Balance of active supply-side vs demand-side users.

UNIT ECONOMICS

CAC

Cost to acquire each supply- and demand-side user.

Cross-side network effects

One side's growth increases value for the other.

LTV

Lifetime value varies by role (e.g., buyer vs seller).

Engagement costs

Spend to keep users active (e.g., support, incentives).

Key metrics & Unit economics - ECOMMERCE

METRICS

GMV, AOV

Total transaction value and average order size.

Cart Abandonment Rate

% of users dropping off at checkout.

Repeat Purchase Rate

% of customers who buy again.

ROAS

Return on every dollar spent on ads.

UNIT ECONOMICS

CAC by segment

Customer acquisition cost by marketing source.

Gross Margin after Returns

Net margin post-refund adjustments.

Order Fulfillment Cost

Logistics + packaging + handling cost per order.

CLTV by Cohort

Lifetime value segmented by customer group.

Key metrics & Unit economics - Services



METRICS

Utilization Rate

% of billable hours out of total available hours.

Average Revenue per Client

Revenue earned per client over time.

Repeat Bookings

% of clients booking services again.

CSAT / NPS

Satisfaction and loyalty metrics from client feedback.

UNIT ECONOMICS

Revenue per Employee

Revenue generated per full-time employee.

CAC

Cost to onboard each new client.

Churn by Segment

Loss rate analyzed by client type or tier.

Profit per Project

Net earnings per completed service engagement.

Key metrics & Unit economics - Manufacturing



METRICS

Units Produced	Lead Time	Yield Rate	On-Time Delivery %
Total number of finished goods in a period.	Time from order to delivery.	% of defect-free units produced.	Share of orders shipped as scheduled.

UNIT ECONOMICS

Unit Margin	Fixed vs Variable Cost Ratio	Contribution Margin by Line	Break-even Volume
Profit per unit = Selling Price - COGS.	Cost structure efficiency analysis.	Profit contribution per product line.	Minimum units needed to cover total costs.

Key metrics - DeepTech

Model	Growth Metric	Efficiency Metric	Risk Metric	Tech Validation Metric
SaaS	ARR / MAUs	CAC, Payback	Churn	Model accuracy, latency
Marketplace	GMV, Orders	Take rate	Liquidity	Transaction success rate
Platform	API calls, Data volume	Revenue/customer	Dependency risk	Uptime %, data freshness
E-commerce	Orders/day, AOV	Fulfilment cost	Inventory risk	QC accuracy
Services	Bookings, Utilization	Rev/employee	Delivery risk	Automation %
Manufacturing	Units, Yield %	Cost/unit	Supply risk	Defect %, MTBF
IP Licensing	Patents, LOIs	Cost/patent	Infringement	FTO clearance
Robotics	Robots deployed	Cost/mission	Field failures	Autonomy %, uptime
Climate/Energy	Installed MW	Cost/kWh	Policy risk	Degradation %, load factor

Key Unit Economics - DeepTech



Model	Revenue Unit	Main Cost Driver	Target Gross Margin	Deep-Tech Lens
SaaS	Per seat / API	Cloud, sales, compute	75–90%	GPU + model training costs
Marketplace	% of GMV	Dual-side CAC	20–35%	Sensor / verification tech
Platform	Subscription + usage	Infra + onboarding	65–85%	Data ingestion + security
E-commerce	Per SKU	Logistics + inventory	30–45%	BOM + QC automation
Services	Per contract	Talent + delivery	30–50%	Automation leverage
Manufacturing	Per unit	Materials + yield	40–60%	Learning curve + defect rate
IP Licensing	Royalty / license	Legal + upkeep	85–95%	Patent life + enforceability
Robotics	Per robot + AMC	Hardware + service	45–65%	Uptime + MTBF
Climate/Energy	Per unit energy	CapEx + O&M	50–70%	Degradation + tariffs

Idea to PMF Stage Metrics

Customer Interviews

Direct insights from early adopters validating the problem.

Signup Conversion

% of visitors who sign up — signals early interest.

Engagement (DAUs)

Daily active usage to assess real product value.

Retention Cohorts

Tracks how well users stick around over time.

Growth to Scale Metrics



CAC Efficiency

Revenue generated vs. cost to acquire customers.

LTV Expansion

Growth in lifetime value from upsells and stickiness.

Churn Control

Managing user drop-offs to stabilize growth.

Burn Multiple

Capital spent to generate each \$1 of net new revenue.

The 5-Step Founder Playbook

How to Build Your Metrics System from Scratch

01

Identify your value engine

Understand what drives value creation in your specific business model and where leverage exists.

02

Select 1 North Star + 3–5 KPIs

Choose metrics that directly connect to your strategic goals and avoid vanity numbers.

03

Build a weekly & monthly rhythm

Establish consistent review cadences that fit your team's workflow and decision cycles.

04

Review for insight, not reporting

Focus on understanding trends and anomalies rather than just reading numbers aloud.

05

Assign ownership for every action

Every metric needs a human owner who can explain it, improve it, and act on it.

Building a Weekly Metrics Rhythm

Ritual Beats Dashboard

Consistency in review tempo creates accountability and faster learning cycles. Different frequencies serve different strategic purposes.



Weekly



Focus: Tactical

Example KPIs: Leads, DAU, Churn

Review Owner: Founder + Ops

Monthly



Focus: Strategic

Example KPIs: CAC, Retention

Review Owner: Founders + Finance

Quarterly



Focus: Reflective

Example KPIs: North Star, Unit Economics

Review Owner: Founders + Advisors

Metrics Review Template

Track → Discuss → Decide → Document → Test

KPI	Trend	Insight	Next Action	Owner
CAC	↑ 10%	Paid channel saturation detected	Test referral programs	Growth
Activation	↓ 5%	New onboarding friction identified	Simplify flow	Product
Retention	→ Stable	Core users remain engaged	Expand features	Product

📌 Every KPI needs a human behind it — not a spreadsheet. Ownership drives accountability and action.

The 4-Step Metrics Audit

Validate Your Metrics Quarterly

1 Relevance

Do they match our current stage and strategic priorities?

2 Decision Value

Do they trigger clear actions and inform real choices?

3 Ownership

Is someone accountable for each metric's performance?

4 Evolution

Do we revise them regularly as the business grows?

When Metrics Go Wrong

Red Flags to Watch For

Metrics improve but outcomes don't

You're tracking vanity metrics instead of indicators that predict real business health.

Only lagging metrics tracked

You're driving by looking in the rearview mirror with no leading indicators to guide decisions.

Conflicting data signals

Different sources tell different stories, creating confusion instead of clarity.

No actions follow reviews

Metrics are reported but not acted upon, making the entire exercise performative.

The Fix

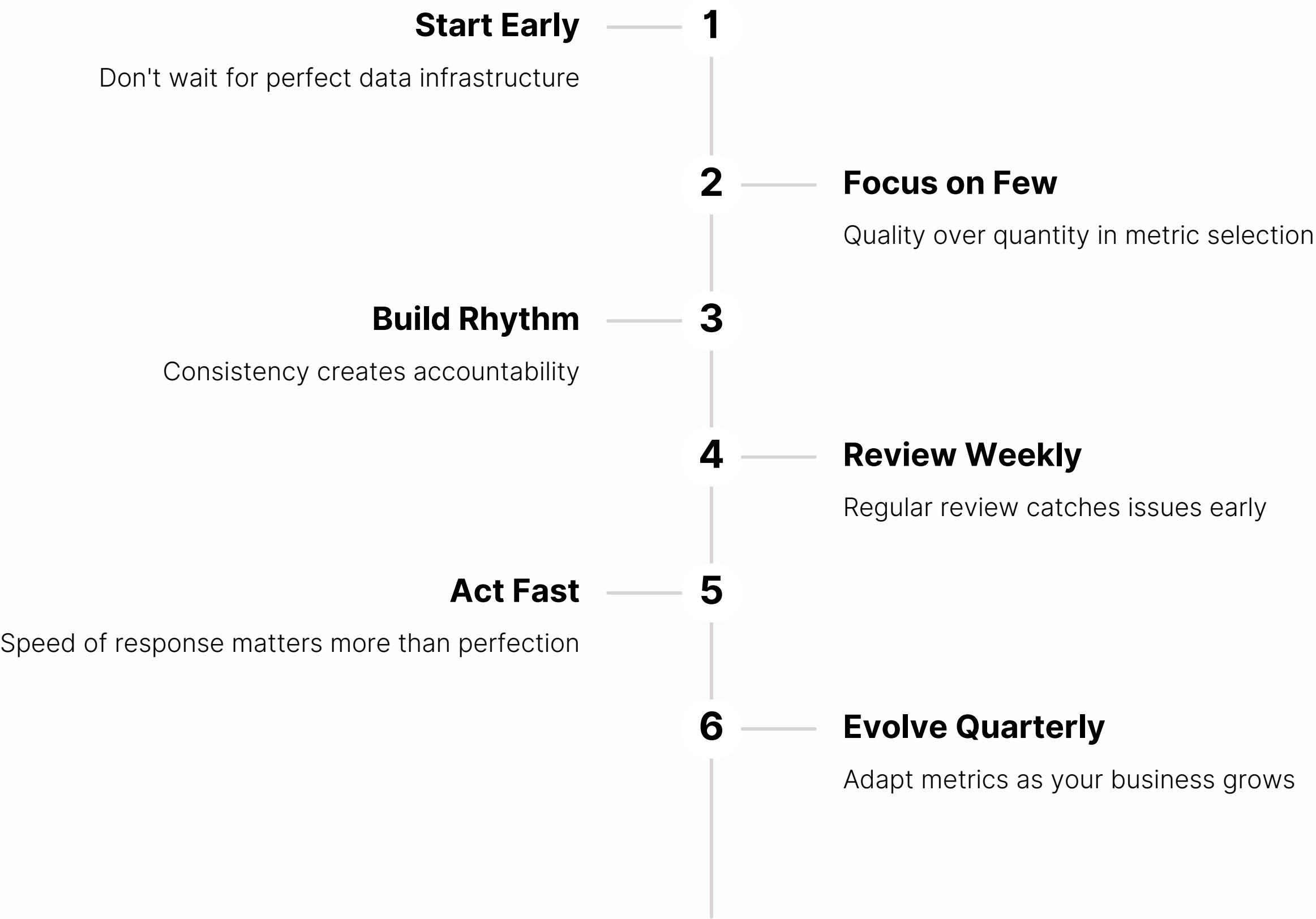
- Replace vanity metrics with leading indicators that predict outcomes
- Reconnect every KPI directly to strategic goals and decisions
- Drop metrics that no longer teach you anything valuable



"Every dead metric steals oxygen from a live one."

Recap: Founder's Metric Journey

From Setup → Rhythm → Review → Action → Evolution



Founder's KPI Habits

5 Habits of Metric-Driven Founders

1

Review every Friday

End each week by checking your core metrics and identifying trends before they become problems.

2

Keep a Metrics Journal

Document insights and hypotheses to track what you learn over time and validate assumptions.

3

Focus on leading indicators

Prioritize metrics that predict future outcomes over those that only report past performance.

4

Connect every KPI to a decision

If a metric doesn't inform an action or choice, question whether you need to track it at all.

5

Share learnings with your team

Make metrics transparent and educational so everyone understands what drives business success.

Clarity Creates Momentum

**"Metrics don't build companies -
founders who act on metrics do."**

Start. Simplify. Stay consistent.

Reference: Sample KPI Library by Model

Quick Reference Guide for Q&A



Model	Primary KPIs	Secondary KPIs
SaaS	MRR, Churn Rate, CAC	Expansion Revenue, NPS, Payback Period
Services	Utilization Rate, Gross Margin, Client LTV	Project Completion Rate, Avg Project Value
E-commerce	AOV, Repeat Purchase Rate, CAC	Cart Abandonment, ROAS, Inventory Turn
Platform	GMV, Take Rate, Liquidity Score	Match Rate, Time to Transaction, NPS
Manufacturing	Unit Cost, Contribution Margin, Inventory Days	Defect Rate, Production Yield, Lead Time

Use this as a starting point to identify which metrics best fit your specific business model and stage.

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